# Community Meetings 2005 Health Status Report for East Boston

March 15, 2005

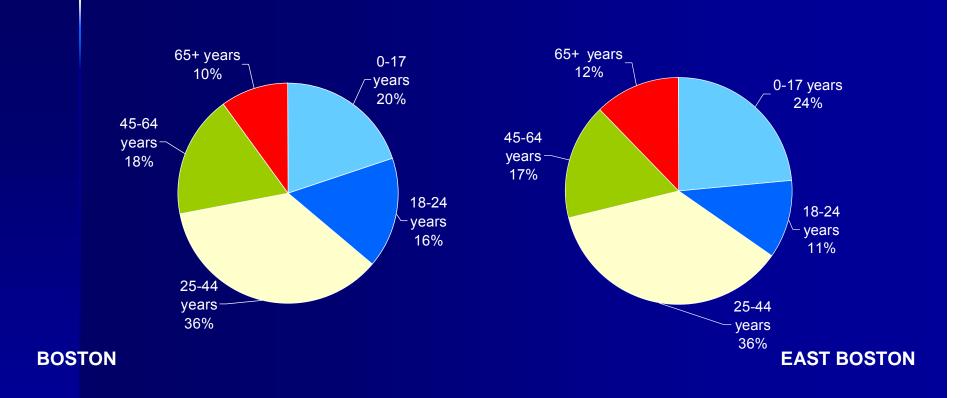
Presented by the Boston Public Health Commission



#### **Boston Neighborhoods**

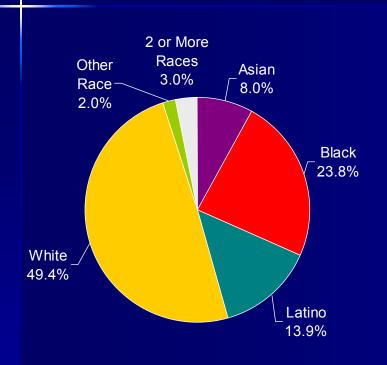


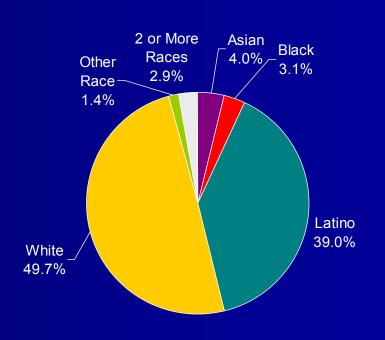
#### Population by Age Group, Boston and East Boston, 2000



DATA SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, American FactFinder, Census 2000 DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

#### Racial and Ethnic Makeup, Boston and East Boston 2000

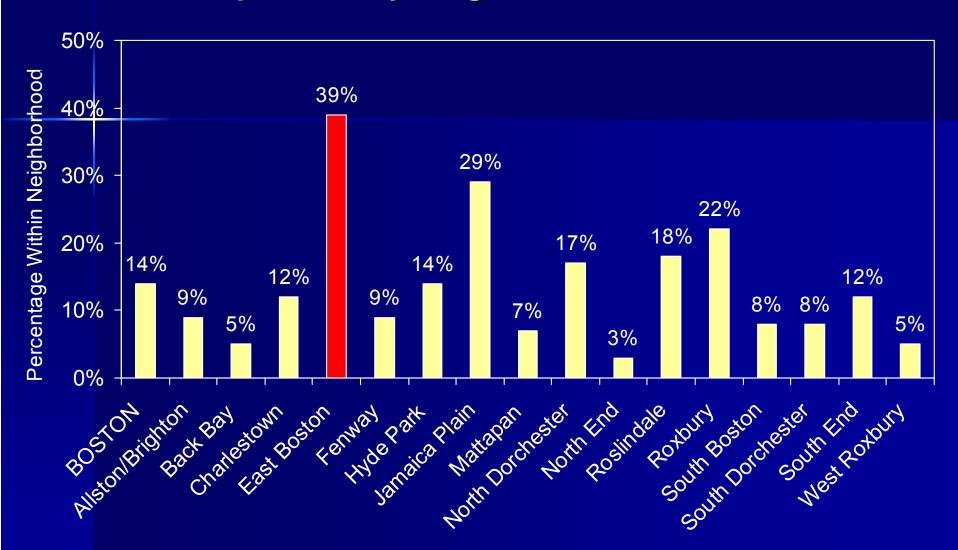




BOSTON EAST BOSTON

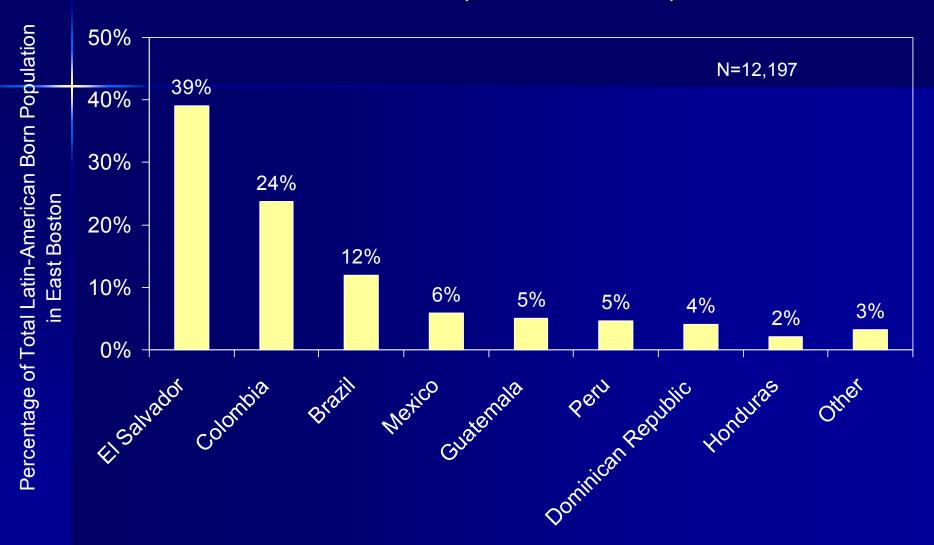
DATA SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, American FactFinder, Census 2000 DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

#### Latino Population by Neighborhood, Boston, 2000



DATA SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, American FactFinder, Census 2000 DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

## Place of Birth Among Central/South American and Carribean Born Residents, East Boston, 2000



DATA SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, American FactFinder, Census 2000, Summary File Sample Data DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

# Selected Socioeconomic Indicators, Boston and Boston Latinos, 2000

Indicator	Boston Overall	Boston		
		Latinos		
Less than High School Graduation or GED	21%	43%		
(Adults Ages 25 and Over)				
% Population Below Poverty Level	20%	31%		
% of Children (Under 18) Below Poverty Level*	26%	38%		
% of Adults 65 and Older Below Poverty Level*	18%	29%		
Median Household Income in 1999	\$39,629**	\$27,141**		

<sup>\*</sup>Based on 1999 income \*\* Estimated median household income
DATA SOURCE: US Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, American Fact Finder, Census 2000, Summary File-Sample Data
DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

# Selected Socioeconomic Indicators, Boston and East Boston, 2000

Indicator	Boston Overall	East Boston
Less than High School Graduation or GED (Adults Ages 25 and Over)	21%	40%
% Population Below Poverty Level	20%	20%
% of Children (Under 18) Below Poverty Level*	26%	25%
% of Adults 65 and Older Below Poverty Level*	18%	20%
Median Household Income in 1999	\$39,629**	\$31,301**

<sup>\*</sup>Based on 1999 income \*\* Estimated median household income

DATA SOURCE: US Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, American Fact Finder, Census 2000, Summary File-Sample Data DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

# 6 Key Health Issues in Your Neighborhood and What You Can Do About Them

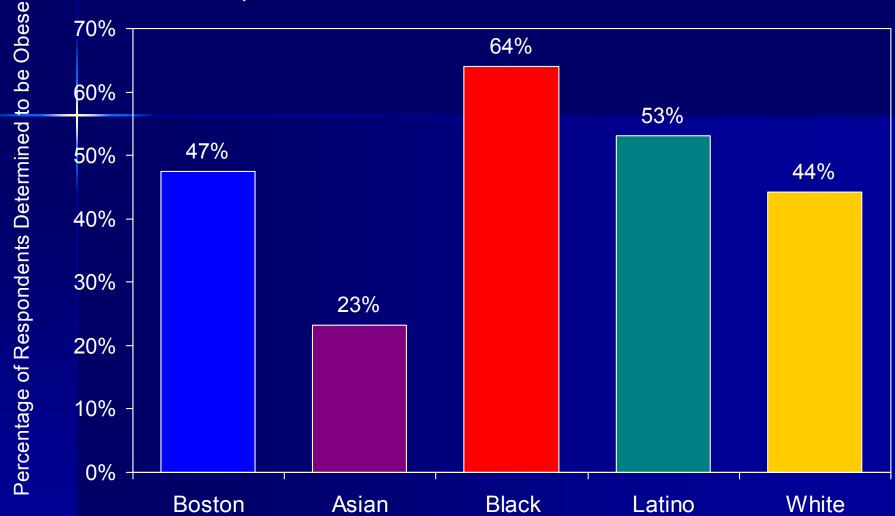
- Obesity
- Cancer
- Asthma
- Substance Abuse
- Violence
- Maternal and Child Health

# **OBESITY**

# What health problems does obesity make worse or cause?

- Diabetes
- High blood pressure
- High cholesterol
- Heart Disease/Stroke
- Asthma
- Arthritis
- Certain cancers (especially breast, uterus, colon, esophagus)

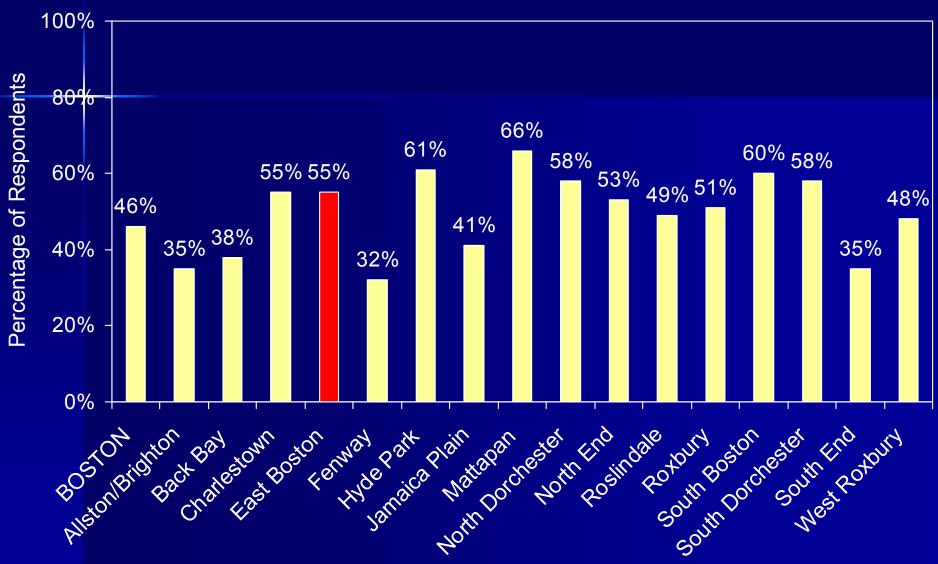
# Obesity by Race/Ethnicity, Boston, 2001\*



<sup>\*</sup>Includes data collected from January 2001 through May 2001. The term "obesity" refers to all levels of excess weight combined. Blacks are significantly different from Whites, Latinos, and Asians (p<.05). Latinos are significantly different from Whites and Asians (p<.05) DATA SOURCE: Behavioral Risk Factor Survey, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), 2001, Massachusetts Department of Public Health and Boston Public Health Commission

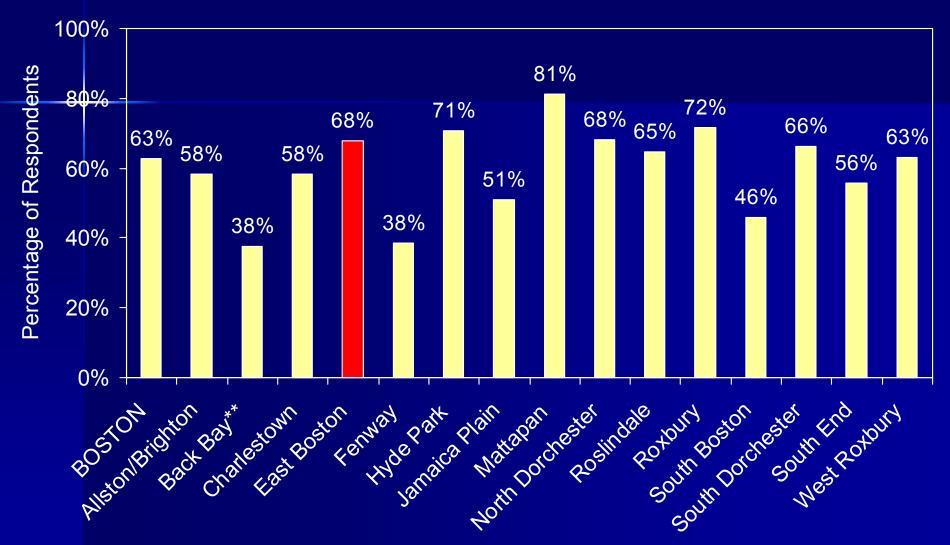
DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

# Obesity by Neighborhood, Boston, 1999-2001



DATA SOURCE: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Massachusetts Department of Public Health DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

### Inadequate Physical Activity by Neighborhood, Boston, 2000-2001\*



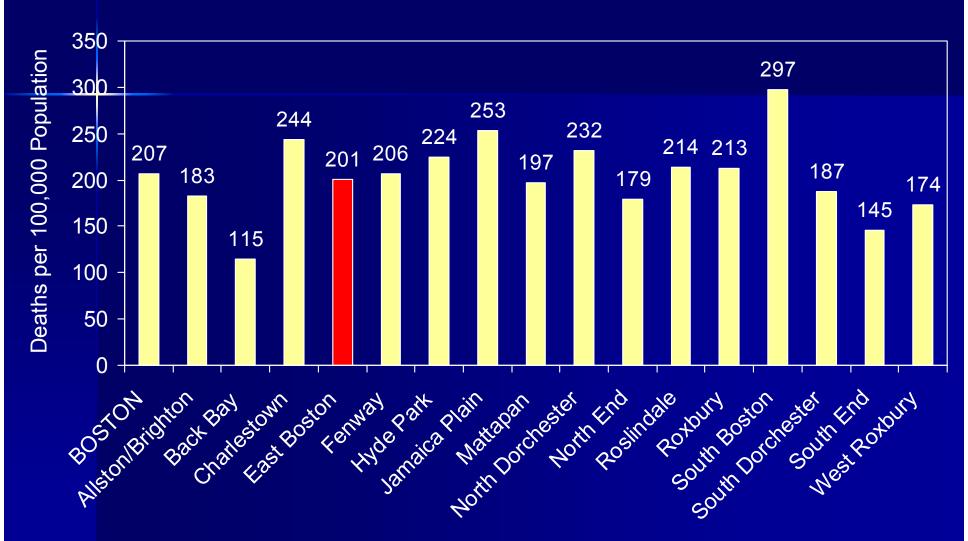
\*Includes data collected from January 2000 through May 2002 \*\* Includes the North End

NOTE: Inadequate physical activity means having no physical activity or less than 30 or more minutes, five or more times a week.

DATA SOURCE: Behavioral Risk Factor Survey, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), 2000-2001, Massachusetts Department of Public Health and Boston Public Health Commission

DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

## Heart Disease Mortality: Age-Adjusted Rates by Neighborhood, Boston, 2000-2002



NOTE: The difference between the East Boston and Boston rates is not statistically significant at  $\alpha$  =.05 DATA SOURCE: Boston resident deaths, Massachusetts Department of Public Health DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

#### What Can Be Done About It?

- Focus on eating healthy foods
- Avoid sugary sodas, snack foods
- Reducing portion sizes and eating smaller more frequent meals
- Exercise daily for example, walking
- Talk to your primary care doctor

# CANCER

# What increases the chances of getting cancer?

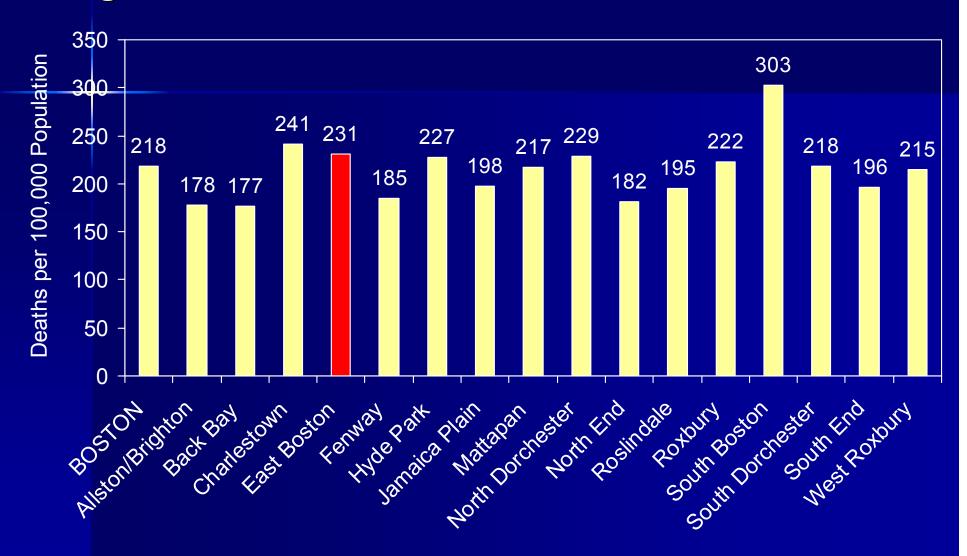
- Smoking
- Excessive alcohol
- Family history
- Excessive exposure to sunlight
- Exposure to certain cancer causing chemicals
- Some viruses (like HIV, HPV or Chlamydia)
- Certain hormones or medications
- Age

# Cancer Mortality: Age-Adjusted Rates by Race/Ethnicity and Year, Boston, 1999-2002



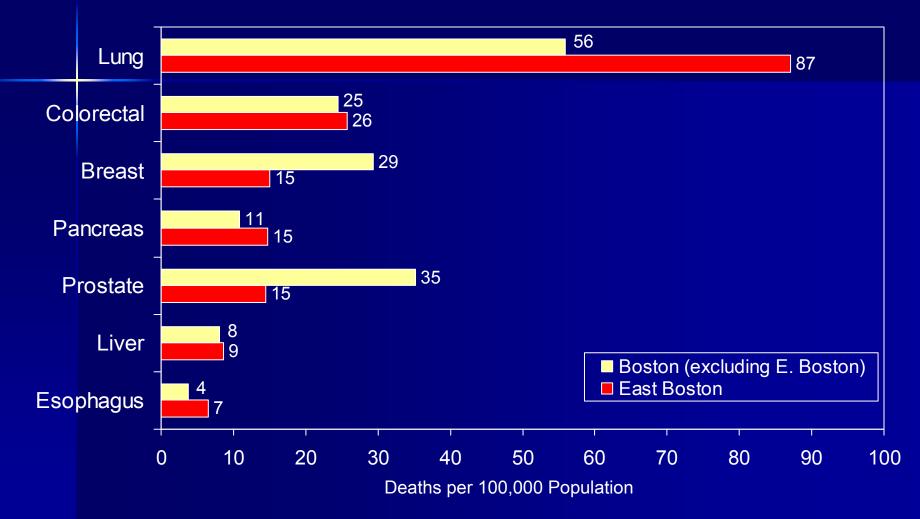
NOTE: In 2002, the rates for Asians and Latinos were significantly lower than the rates for Blacks and Whites, p<.05 DATA SOURCE: Boston resident deaths, Massachusetts Department of Public Health DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

## Cancer Mortality: Age-Adjusted Rates by Neighborhood, Boston, 2000-2002



NOTE: Difference between East Boston and Boston not statistically significant at  $\alpha$ =.05 DATA SOURCE: Boston resident deaths, Massachusetts Department of Public Health DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

# Leading Causes of Cancer Mortality: Age-Adjusted Rates, Boston and East Boston, 2000-2002

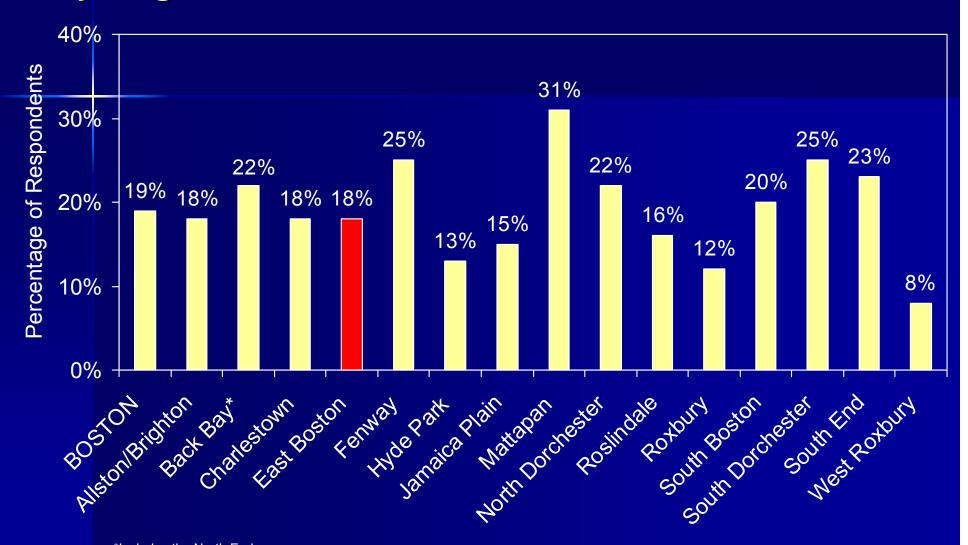


NOTE: Boston excludes East Boston; the differences in lung and prostate cancer mortality between East Boston and the rest of Boston are statistically significant (p < .05)

DATA SOURCE: Boston resident deaths, Massachusetts Department of Public Health

DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

# Adults Who Are Current Smokers by Neighborhood, Boston, 1999-2001



\*Includes the North End
DATA SOURCE: Behavioral Risk Surveillance Survey, Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Boston Public Health Commission
DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

#### What Can Be Done About It?

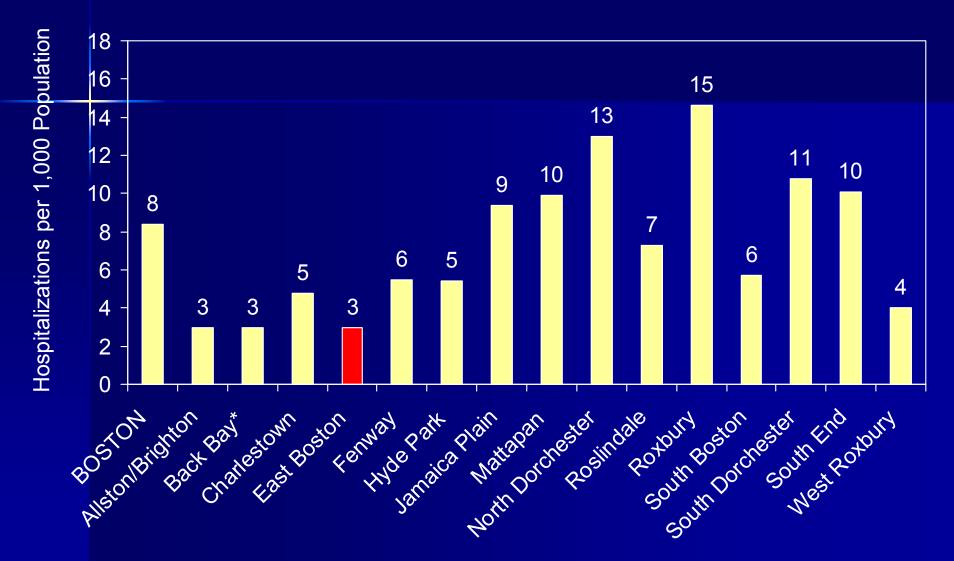
- Don't smoke
- Avoid excessive intake of alcohol
- Maintain a normal weight with exercise and a diet that is low in fat and high in fruits and vegetables
- Avoid excessive sun exposure
- Get regular cancer screening especially breast, colon, prostate, skin
- Join community efforts to promote health & combat cancer

#### **BPHC Health Initiatives**

- Cancer program Screening and education about cancer
- Steps to a Healthy Boston walking groups, smoking cessation
- Substance Abuse Services treatment for alcohol or substance abuse
- Health Connection Van Screening for skin and prostate cancer, education about all forms of cancer
- Mammography Van Screening for breast cancer

# **ASTHMA**

# Asthma Hospitalizations Among Children Under Age 5 by Neighborhood, Boston, 1998-2002



\*Includes the North End

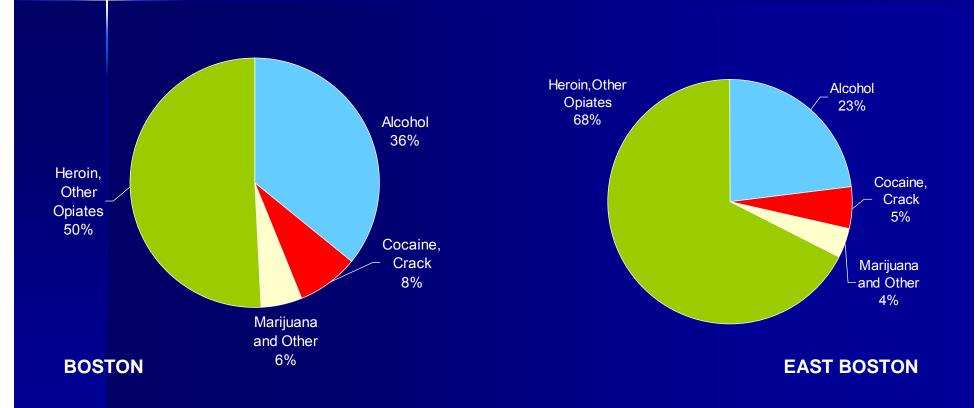
DATA SOURCE: Acute Care Hospital Case Mix files, Massachusetts Division of Health Care Finance and Policy DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

#### What Can Be Done About It?

- Don't smoke and avoid exposure to smoke
- Eliminate pests
- Remove rugs, if possible. If not, use a special dust removing vacuum
- Cover mattresses
- Consider whether pets might be making asthma worse
- Get regular and consistent medical care and try not to run out of medications
- BPHC Asthma Program Healthy Homes Initiative

### SUBSTANCE ABUSE

# Publicly-Funded Substance Abuse Treatment Admissions by Type of Drug Use, Boston and East Boston, 2004



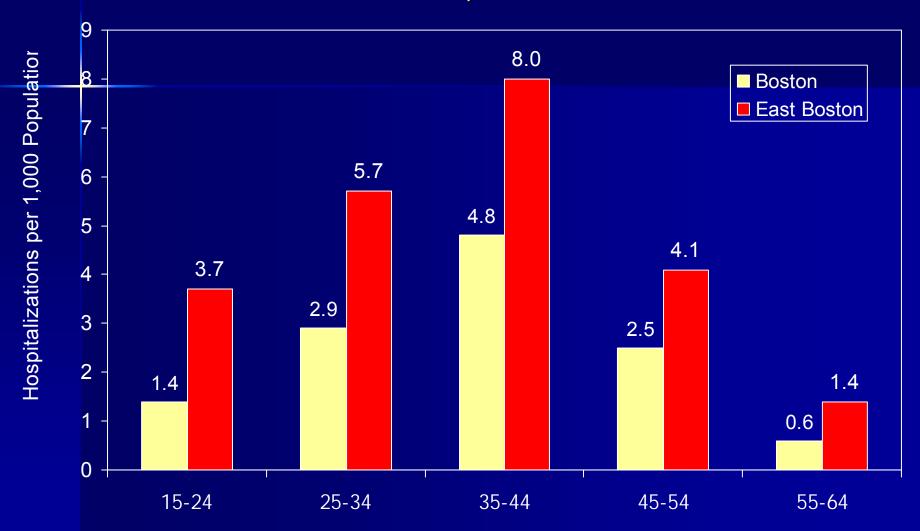
NOTE: Data shown are for a fiscal year running from July through June of year indicated

DATA SOURCE: Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Substance Abuse Services, Substance Abuse Management

Information System (SAMIS)

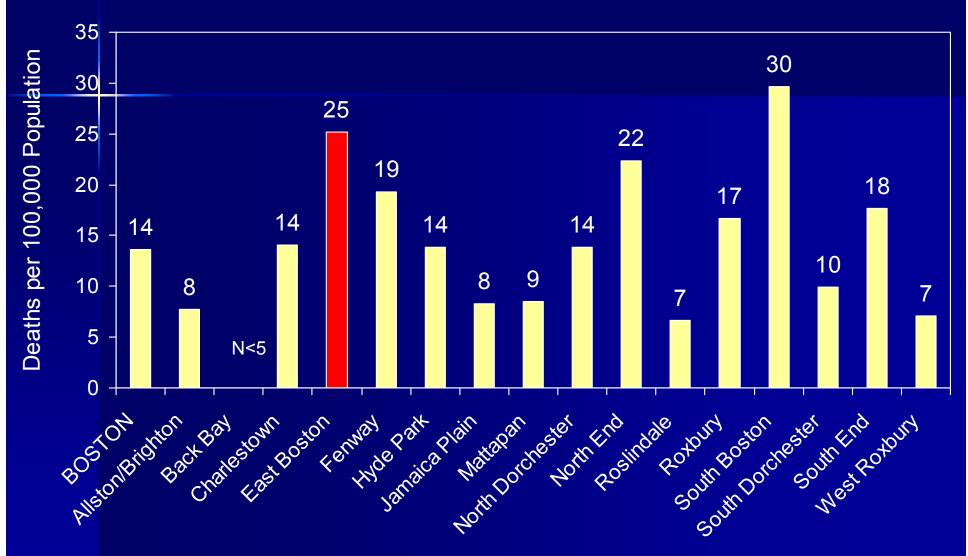
DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

## Drug Abuse Hospitalization\*: Age-Specific Rates, Boston and East Boston, 1998-2002



\*Hospitalization in acute care hospitals for treatment of illegal drug abuse problem
DATA SOURCE: Acute Care Hospital Case Mix files, Massachusetts Division of Health Care Finance and Policy
DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

# Drug Abuse Mortality: Age-Adjusted Rates by Neighborhood, Boston, 2000-2002



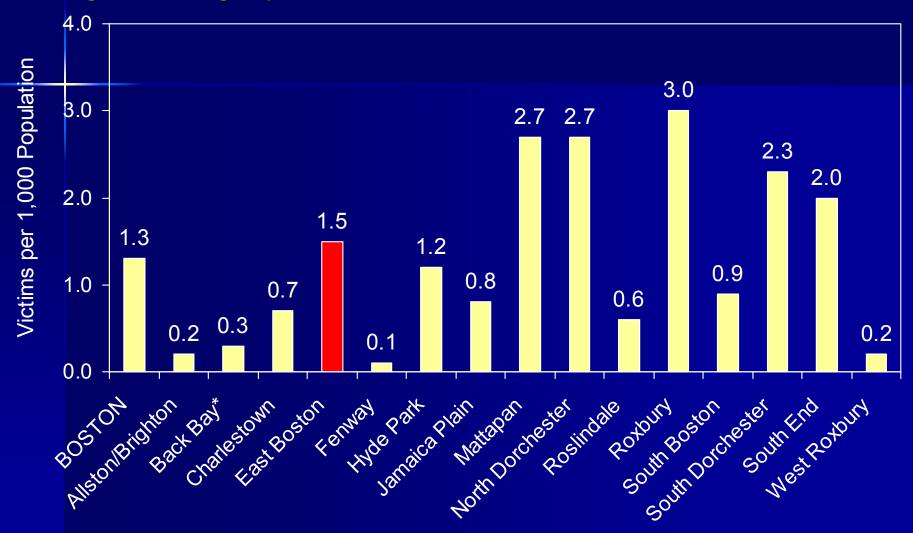
NOTE: Difference between East Boston and Boston is statistically significant at p<.05 DATA SOURCE: Boston resident deaths, Massachusetts Department of Public Health DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

# What Can Be Done About Substance Abuse?

- Substance Abuse Services Central Intake
- Entre Familia/Moms Project programs for women in recovery
- East Boston Substance Abuse Treatment Programs:
  - East Boston Neighborhood Community Health Center
  - Noddles Island Multiservice Agency: outpatient
  - Meridian House: residential treatment
  - NO Drugs Campaign
- Advocate for increased state funding for substance abuse treatment programs

# VIOLENCE and TRAUMA

# Non-Fatal Assault-Related Gunshot and Stabbing Injuries by Neighborhood, Ages 15-44, Boston, July 2000-June 2003 Average Annual Age-Specific Rates

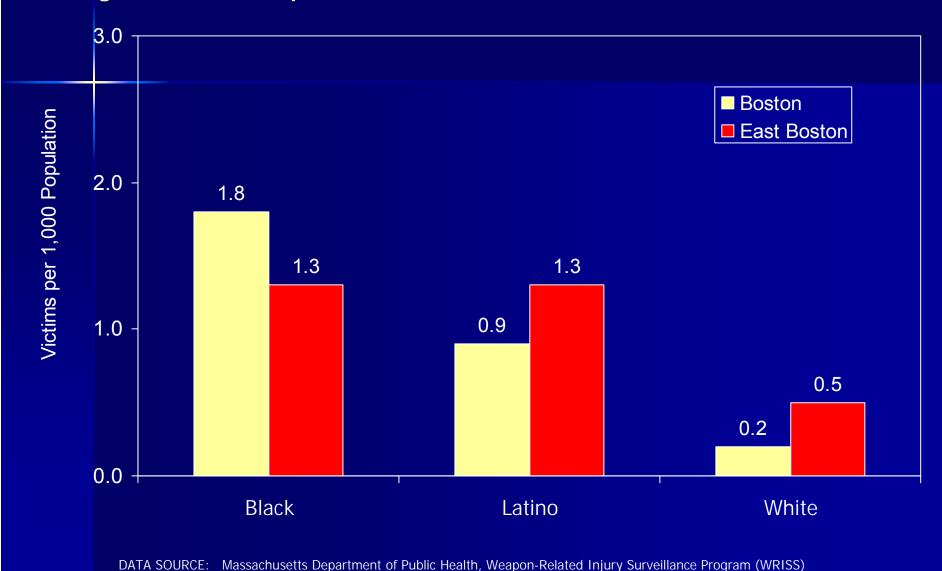


\*Includes the North End

DATA SOURCE: Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Weapon-Related Injury Surveillance Program (WRISS)

DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

# Victims of Non-Fatal Assault-Related Gunshot and Stabbing Injuries by Race/Ethnicity, Boston and East Boston, 2000- 2003 Average Annual Race-Specific Rates



DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

# MATERNAL and CHILD HEALTH

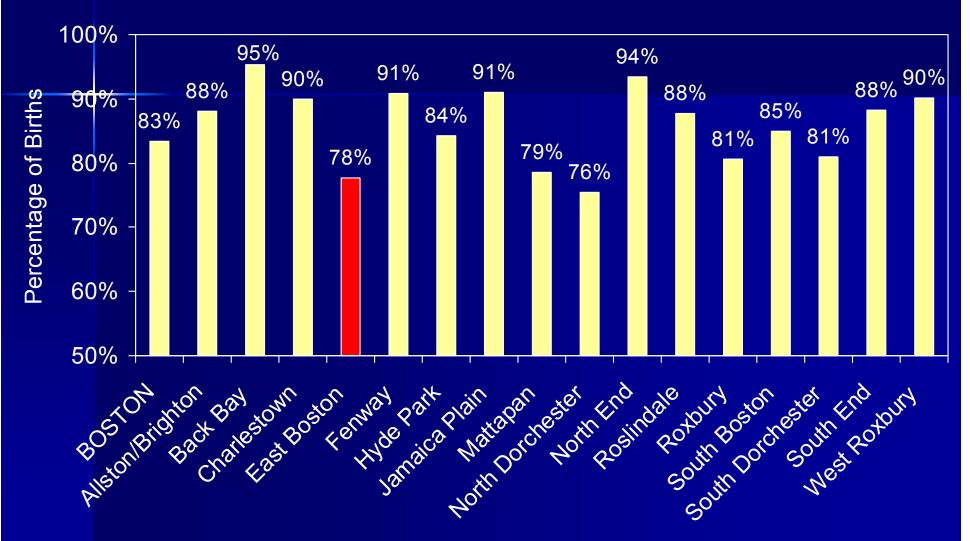
# Births by Language Preference and Neighborhood, Boston, 2002

	English	Cantonese	Haitian Creole	Portuguese	Spanish	Vietnamese	Other
Allston/Brighton	71.6%	1.4%	1.0%	5.3%	9.5%	N<5	11.2%
Back Bay	94.0%	N<5	N<5	N<5	2.5%	N<5	3.5%
Charlestown	83.3%	N<5	N<5	N<5	12.4%	N<5	4.3%
East Boston	45.9%	N<5	N<5	3.5%	47.7%	1.0%	1.9%
Fenway	68.3%	N<5	N<5	N<5	15.5%	N<5	16.2%
Hyde Park	80.7%	N<5	6.3%	N<5	9.8%	N<5	3.2%
Jamaica Plain	74.6%	N<5	N<5	N<5	21.9%	N<5	3.5%
Mattapan	87.2%	N<5	8.0%	N<5	3.5%	N<5	1.3%
North Dorchester	74.6%	N<5	1.4%	4.1%	9.3%	6.9%	3.7%
North End	90.3%	N<5	N<5	N<5	N<5	N<5	9.7%
Roslindale	83.0%	N<5	1.3%	1.0%	11.4%	N<5	3.3%
Roxbury	76.3%	0.8%	0.7%	0.7%	16.2%	0.7%	4.6%
South Boston	85.9%	N<5	N<5	N<5	8.8%	N<5	5.3%
South Dorchester	85.2%	N<5	3.1%	N<5	5.0%	4.4%	2.3%
South End	74.3%	6.8%	N<5	N<5	6.8%	N<5	12.1%
West Roxbury	88.9%	N<5	1.6%	N<5	4.9%	N<5	4.6%

DATA SOURCE: Boston resident live births, Massachusetts Department of Public Health

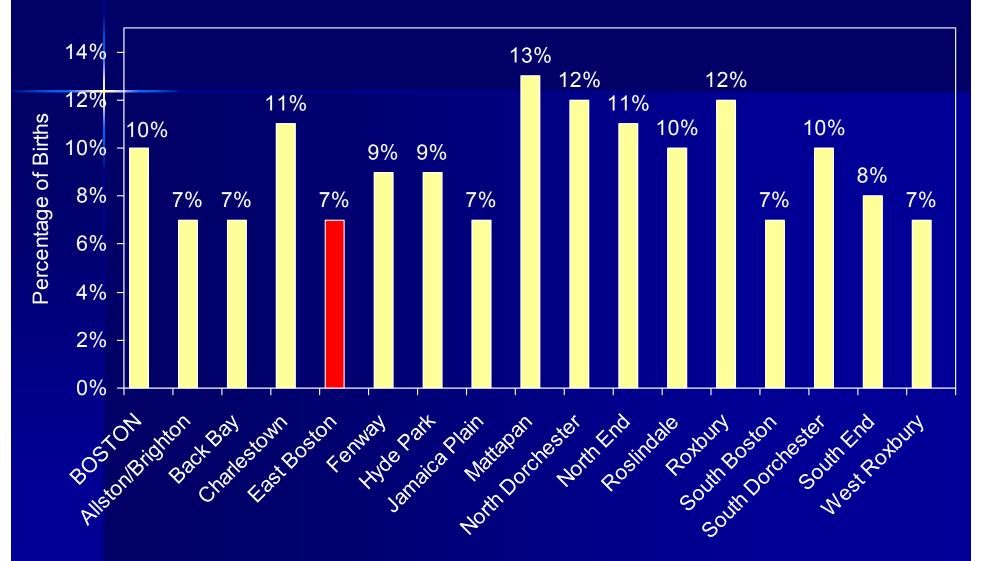
DATA SOURCE: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

## Adequacy of Prenatal Care by Neighborhood, Boston, 2002



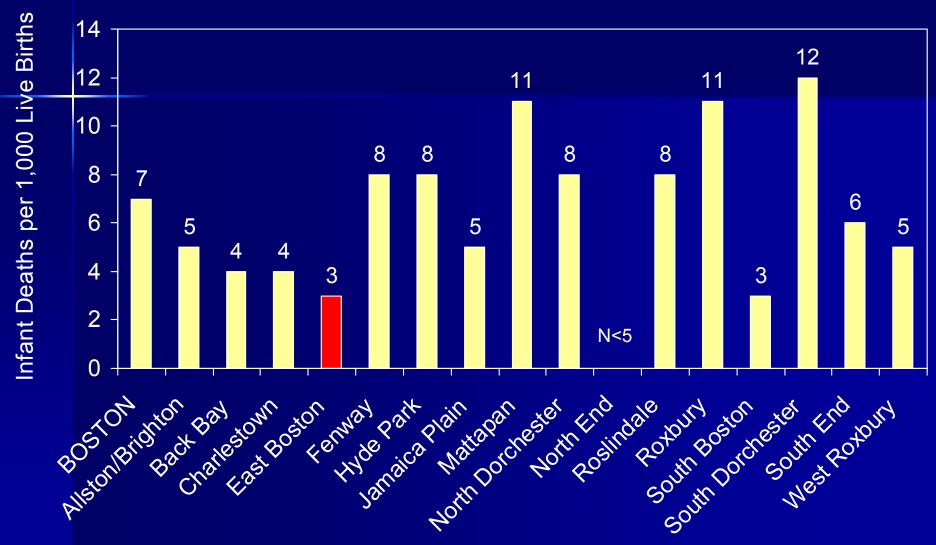
NOTE: East Boston percentage is significantly different from Boston percentage (p<.05) DATA SOURCE: Boston resident live births, Massachusetts Department of Public Health DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

## Low Birthweight by Neighborhood, Boston, 2002



NOTE: East Boston percentage is significantly different from Boston percentage at p<.05 DATA SOURCE: Boston resident live births, Massachusetts Department of Public Health. DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office





NOTE: Difference between Boston rate and East Boston rate is statistically significant (p<.05)
DATA SOURCE: Boston resident live births and infant deaths, Massachusetts Department of Public Health
DATA ANALYSIS: Boston Public Health Commission Research Office

# What Can Be Done About It?

- Improve the health of women before they get pregnant
- Discourage smoking/alcohol use during pregnancy
- Good prenatal care to detect medical problems
- Substance abuse treatment for women who have addictions
- Support through pregnancy and infant's first year for new mothers
- Encourage good nutrition before and during pregnancy
- Encourage teens to use contraception and wait until their 20's to get pregnant

#### **BPHC Programs**

- Healthy Baby/Healthy Child
- Mayor's Health Line
- BAHEC/Youth to Health Careers
- Adolescent Wellness Program
- Central Intake Unit, (617) 534-5554
- Childhood Injury Prevention Program